

We have fun

Series a introduces new words

























Series b practises new words









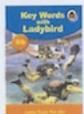


















Series c links to phonics and writing

























Readers will get the most out of the Key Words reading scheme when they follow the books in the pattern 1a, 1b, 1c: 2a, 2b, 2c: and so on.



The a, b, and c series are all written using the same carefully controlled vocabulary.

The Ladybird Key Words Reading Scheme has three series, each containing twelve books.

The 'a' series gradually introduces and repeats new words.

The parallel 'b' series provides further practice of these words, but in a different context and with different illustrations.

The 'c' series uses familiar words to teach phonics in a methodical way, enabling children to read more difficult words. It also provides a link to writing.

All three series are written using the same carefully controlled vocabulary.

Published by Ladybird Books Ltd
A Penguin Company
Penguin Books Ltd., 80 Strand, London WC2R 0RL, UK
Penguin Books Australia Ltd., Camberwell, Victoria, Australia
Penguin Group (NZ) 67 Apollo Drive, Rosedale, North Shore 0632, New Zealand

13 15 17 19 20 18 16 14 12

© LADYBIRD BOOKS LTD MCMLXIV, this edition MMIV

LADYBIRD and the device of a ladybird are trademarks of Ladybird Books Ltd.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced,
stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means,
electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise,
without the prior consent of the copyright owner.

ISBN: 978-1-8442-2363-3

Printed in China

Key Words Reading Scheme

2a We have fun

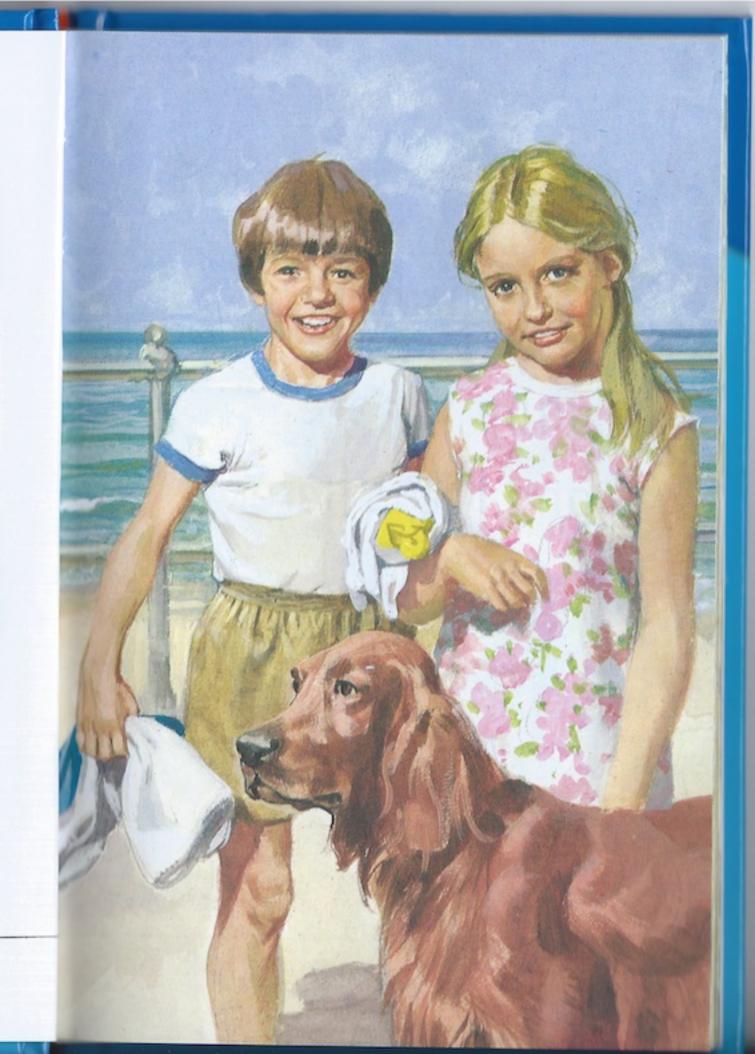


written by W. Murray illustrated by J.H. Wingfield



Here is Peter and here is Jane.

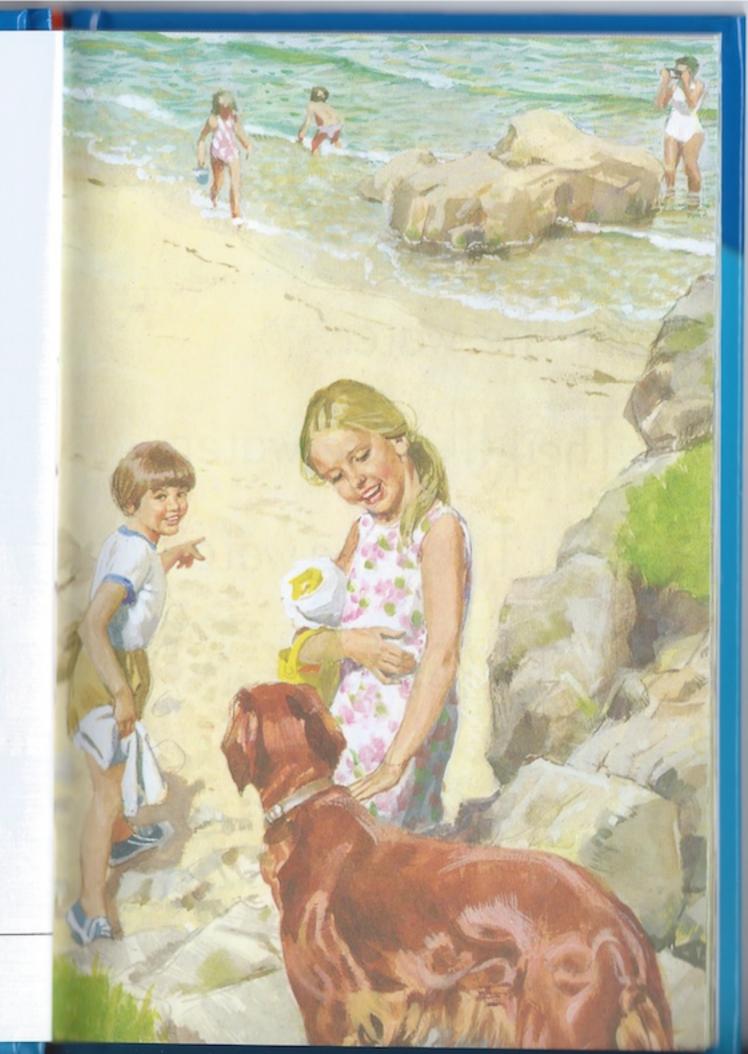
Here is Pat, the dog.



Peter is here.

Jane is here and Pat is here.

Here they are.



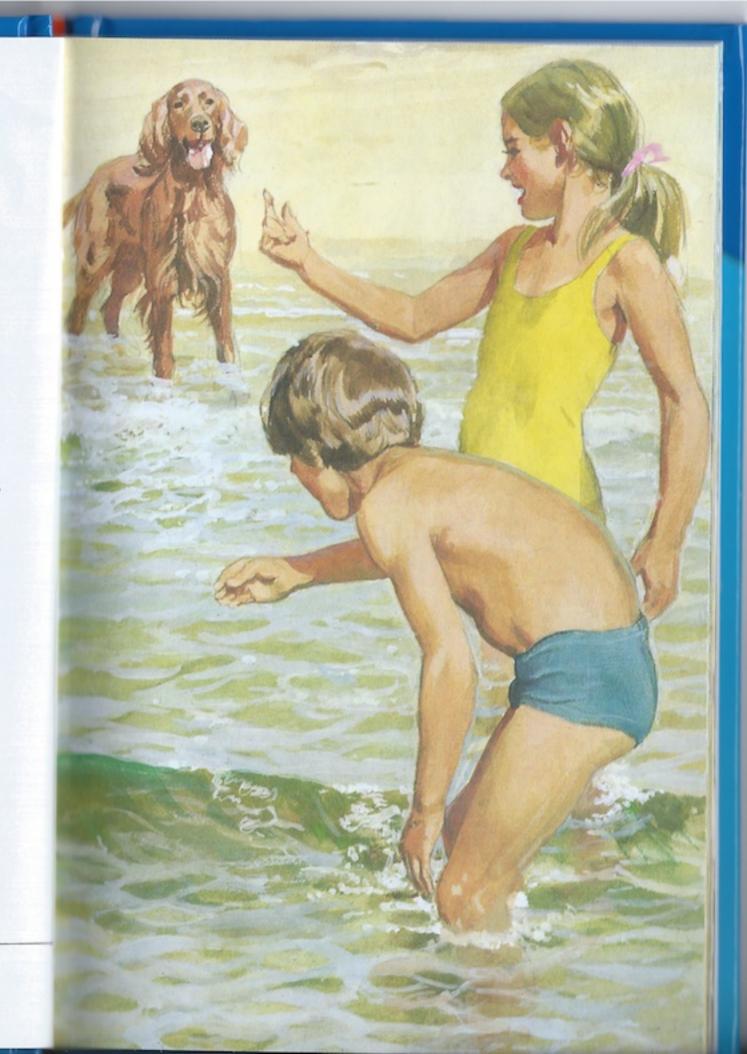
Come in, Pat.

It is fun.

It is fun in the water.

Come in the water.

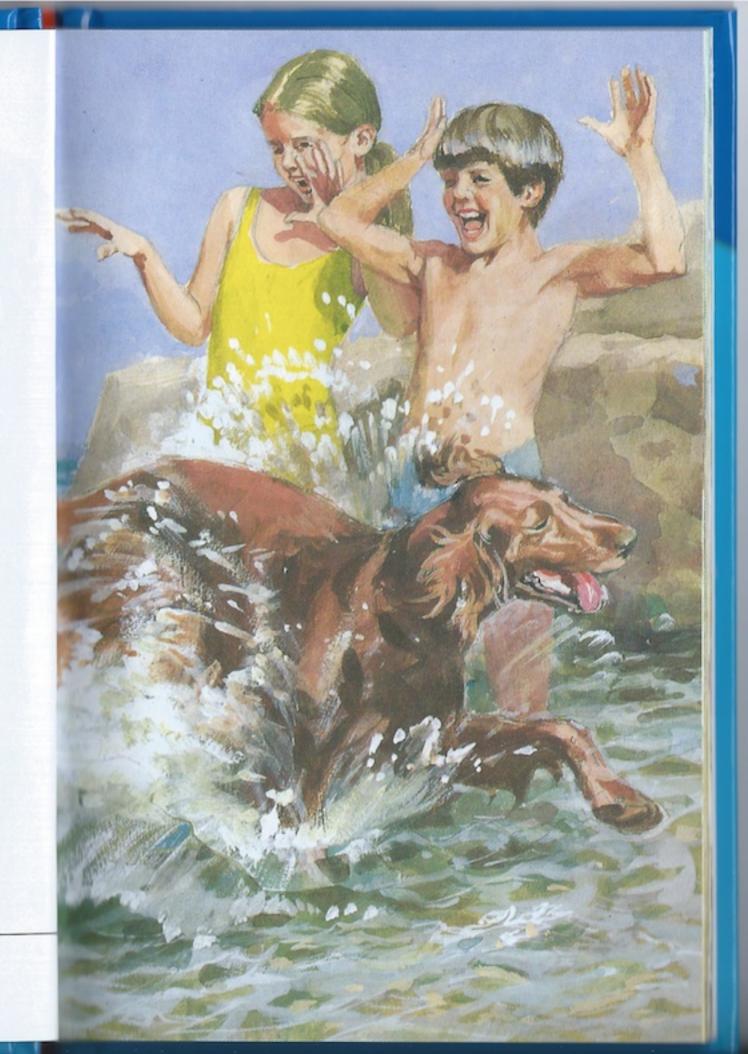
Come, come, come.



Pat comes in.

Pat likes the water.

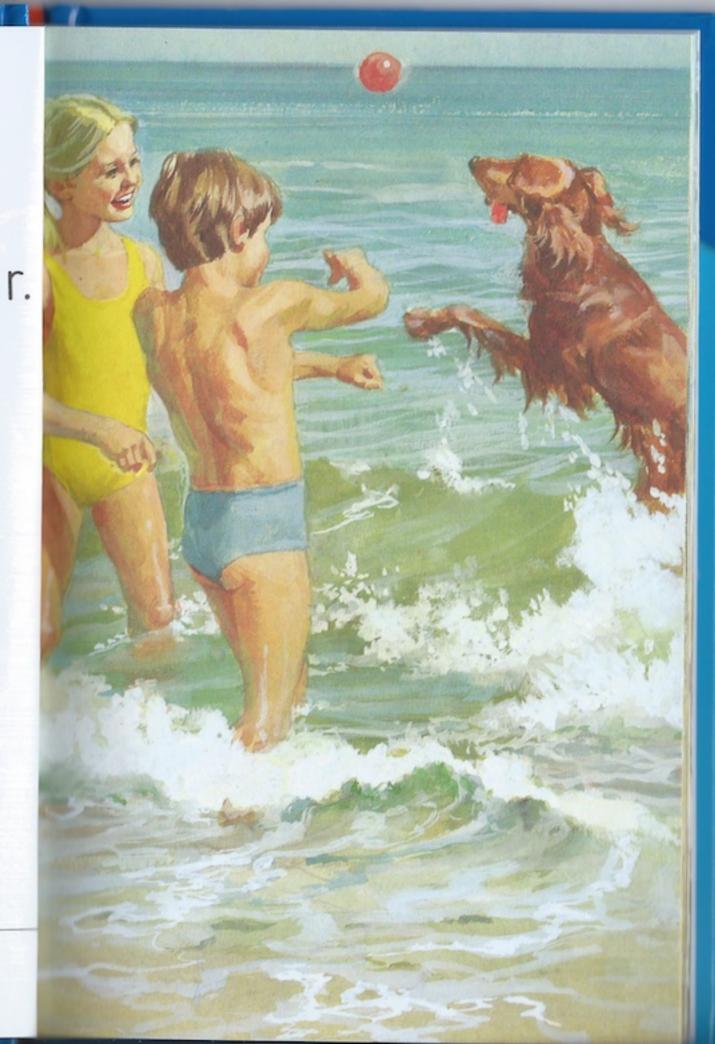
It is fun in the water, says Peter.



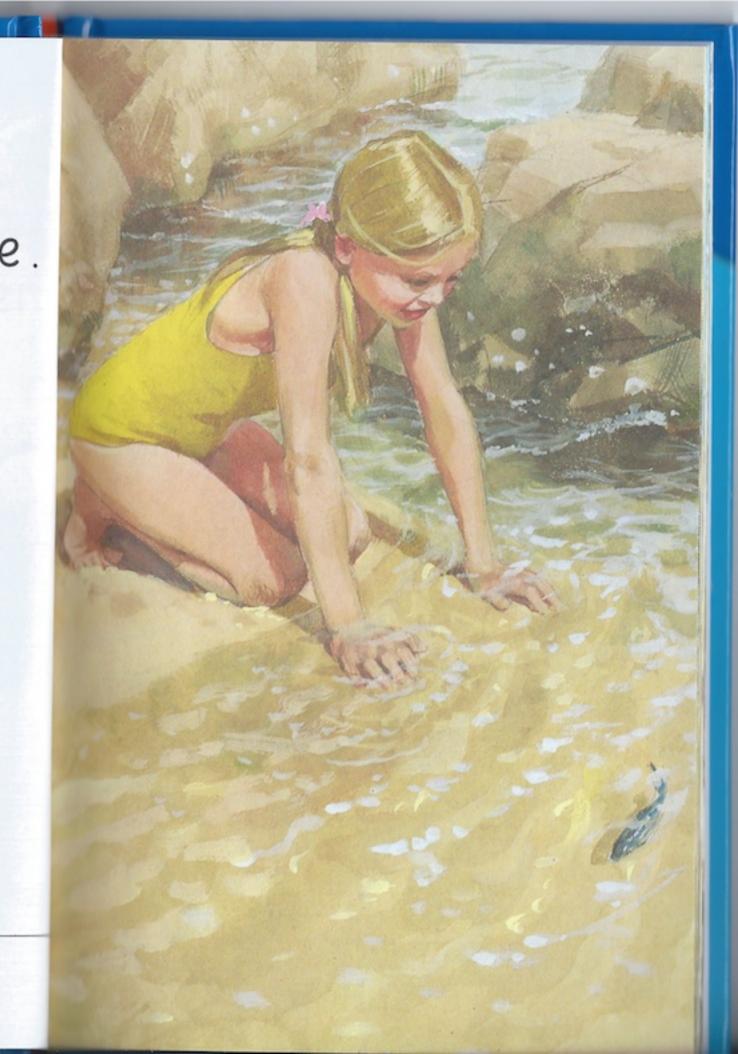
I have a ball, says Peter.

Here is the ball.

Here is the ball, Pat,
he says.



Look, look, says Jane.
Look, Peter, look.
Have a look.
Come and look.
Peter has a look.

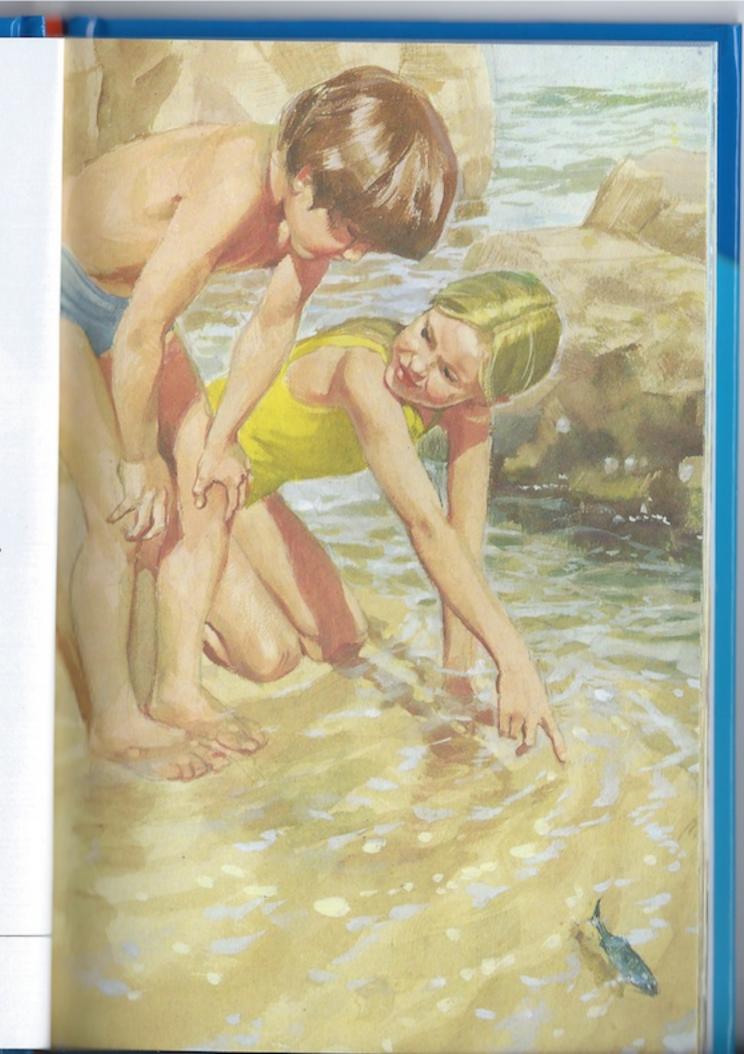


Peter looks.

A fish, says Jane.

It is a fish, says Peter.

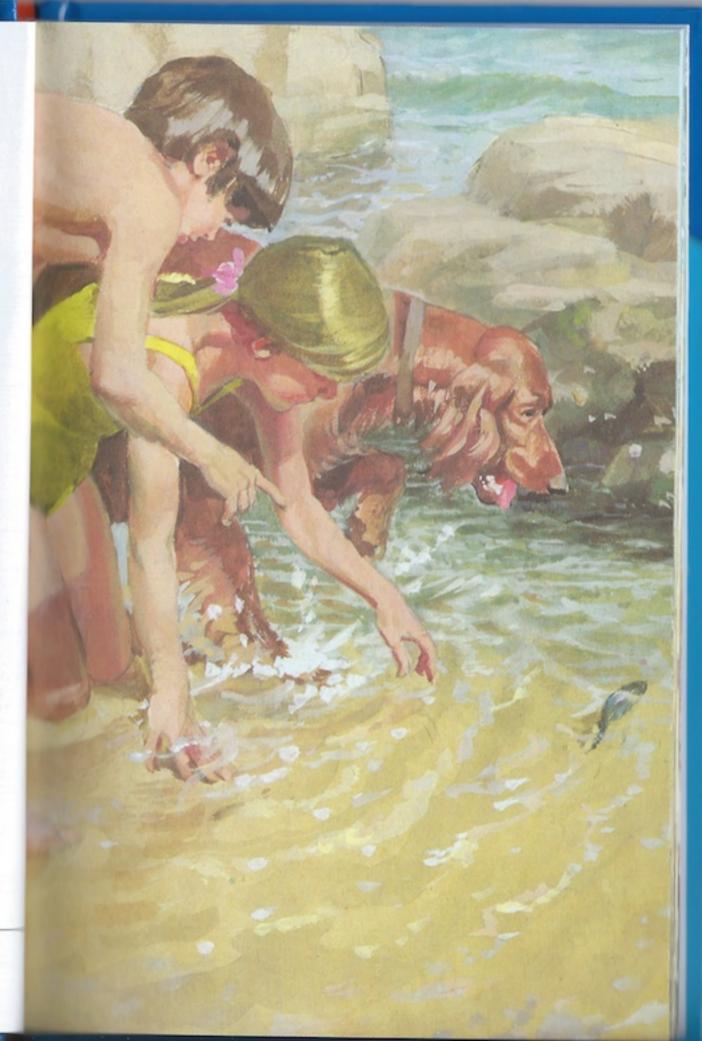
It is a fish, he says.



Look, says Peter.

The dog wants the fish.

He wants the fish, Jane.

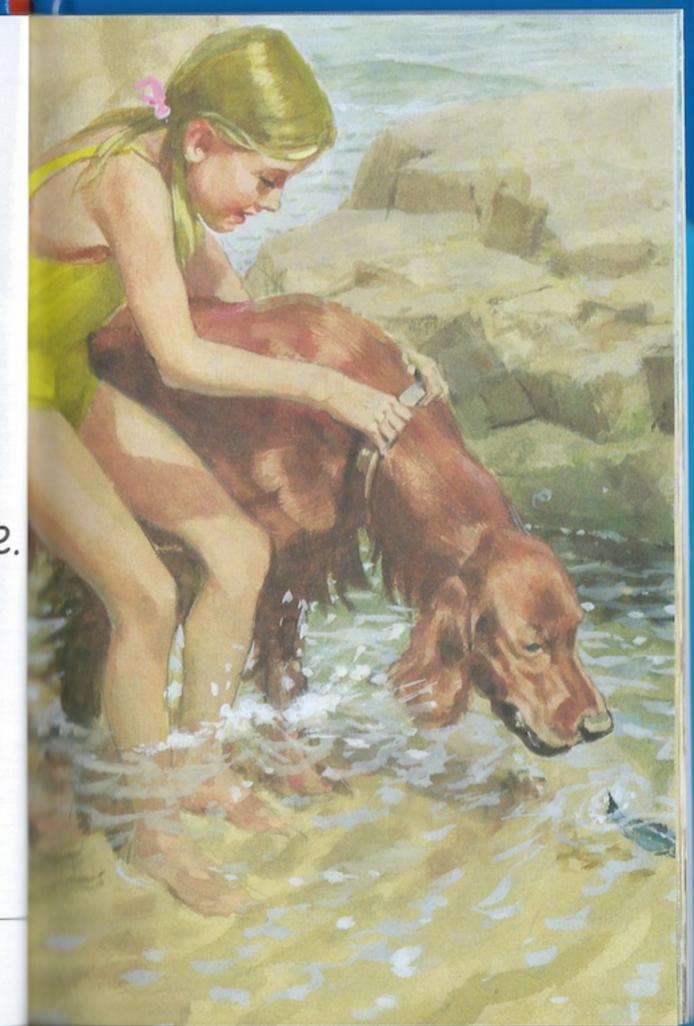


Pat wants the fish.

No, no, no, says Jane, you come here.

Come here, Pat, come here.

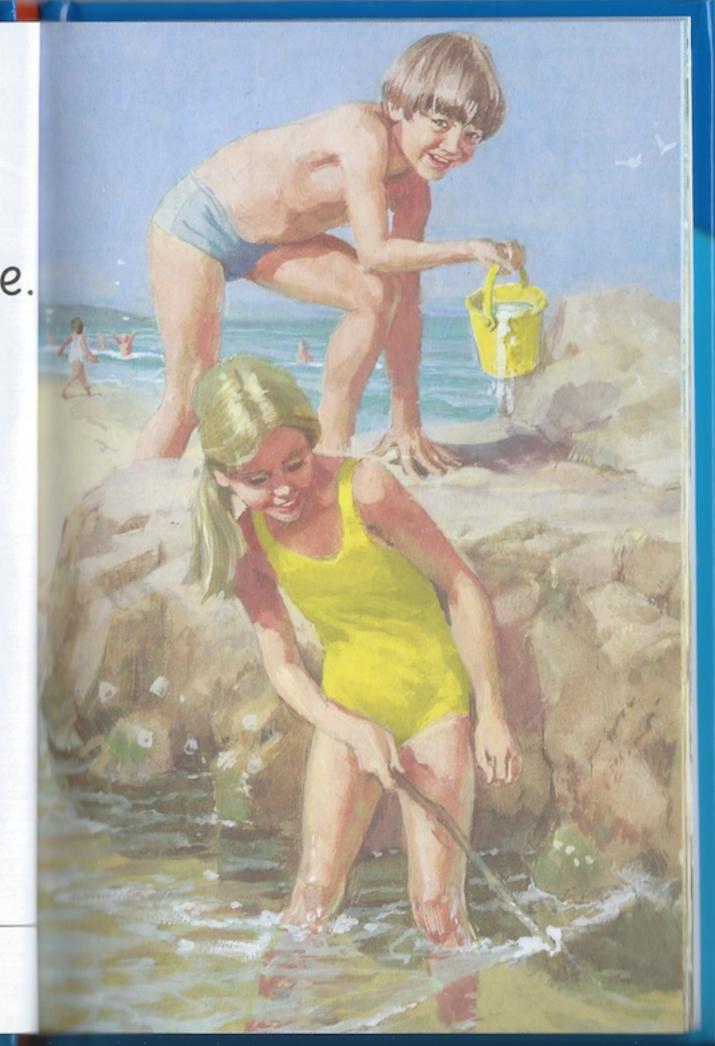
No, no, no.



Here are Peter and Jane.

Peter has some water.

Here you are, Jane,
he says.

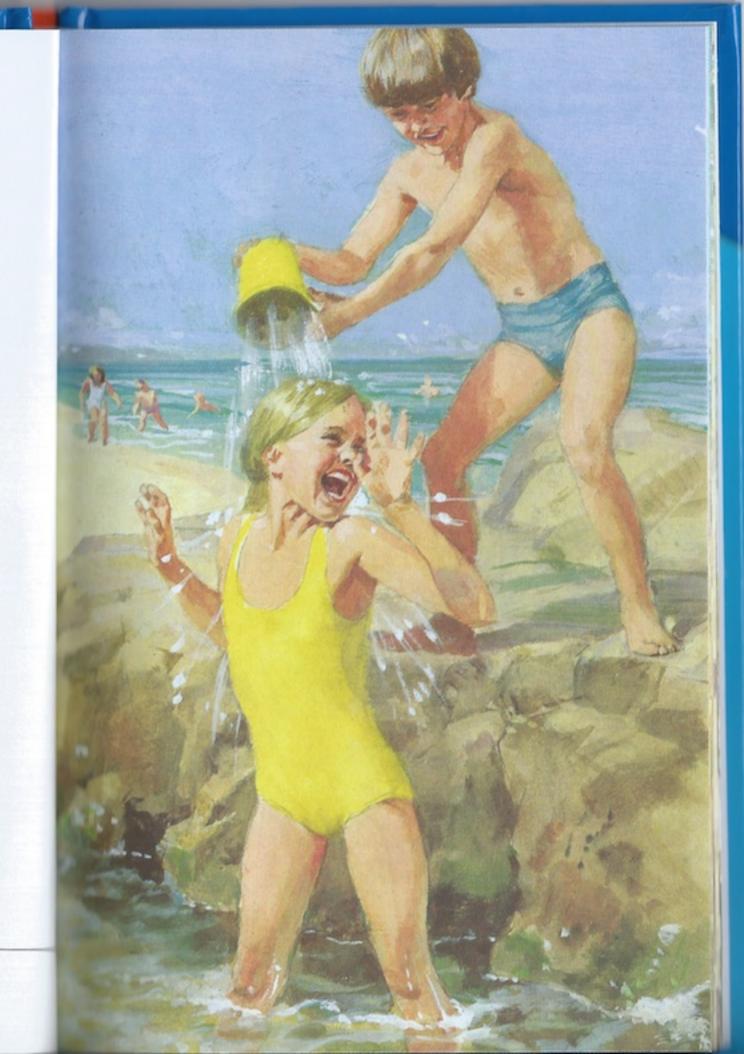


Here you are, Jane, says Peter.

Here you are.

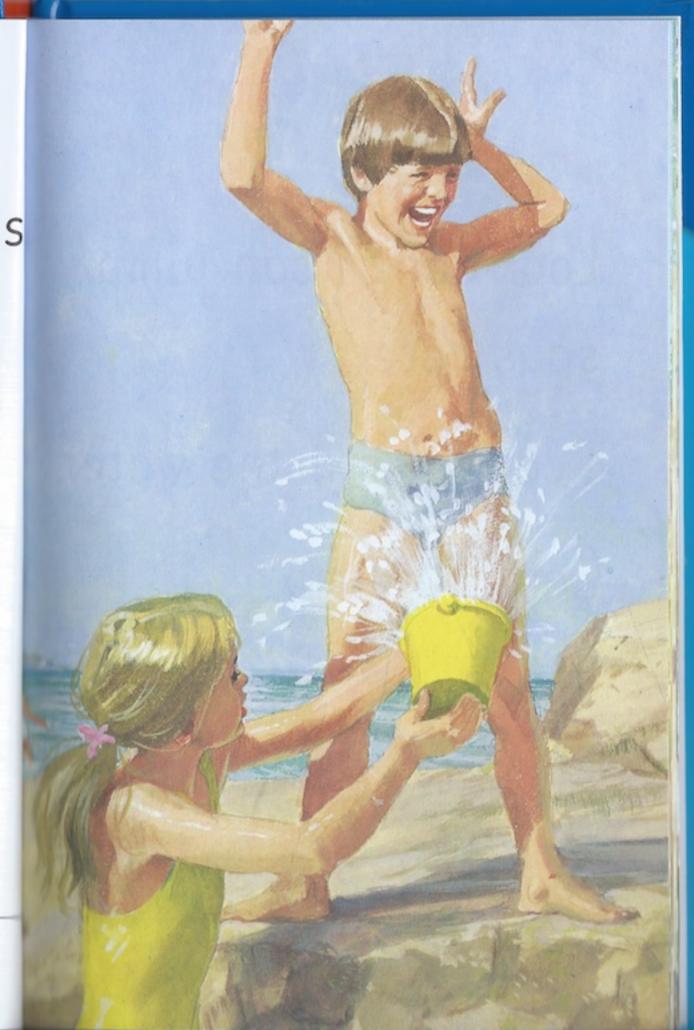
This is for you.

Here is some water for you.



This is for you, Jane says
Here is some water
for you.

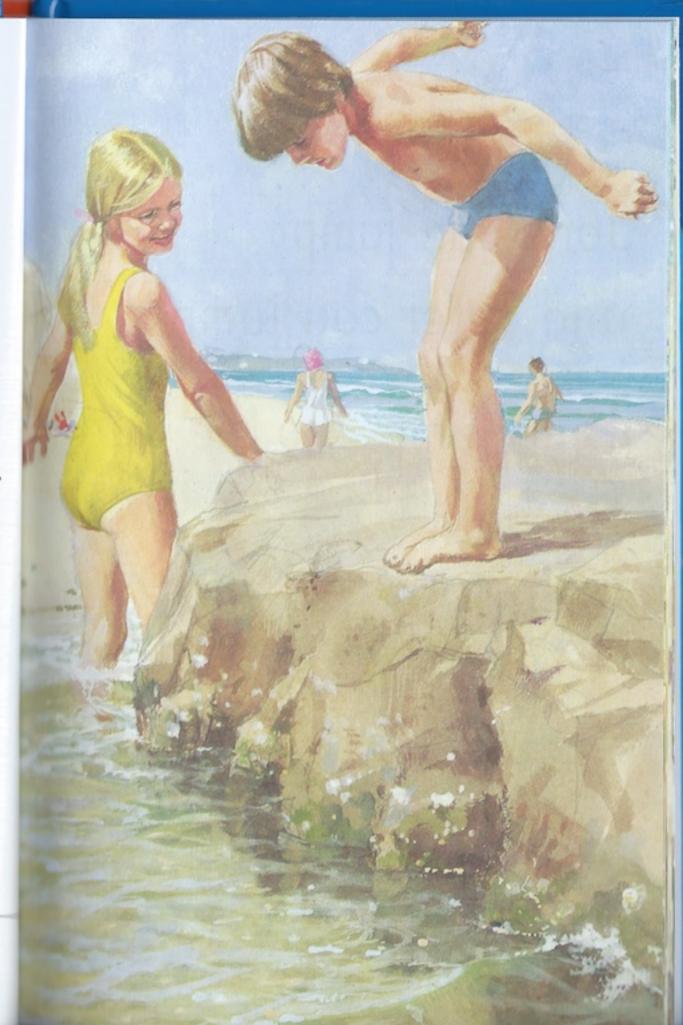
Here you are, Peter. It is for you.



Look Jane, I can jump, says Peter.

I can jump in the water.

Can you jump like this, Jane?



Jane can jump and Peter can jump.

They jump into the water for fun.

We like this, they say.



new words

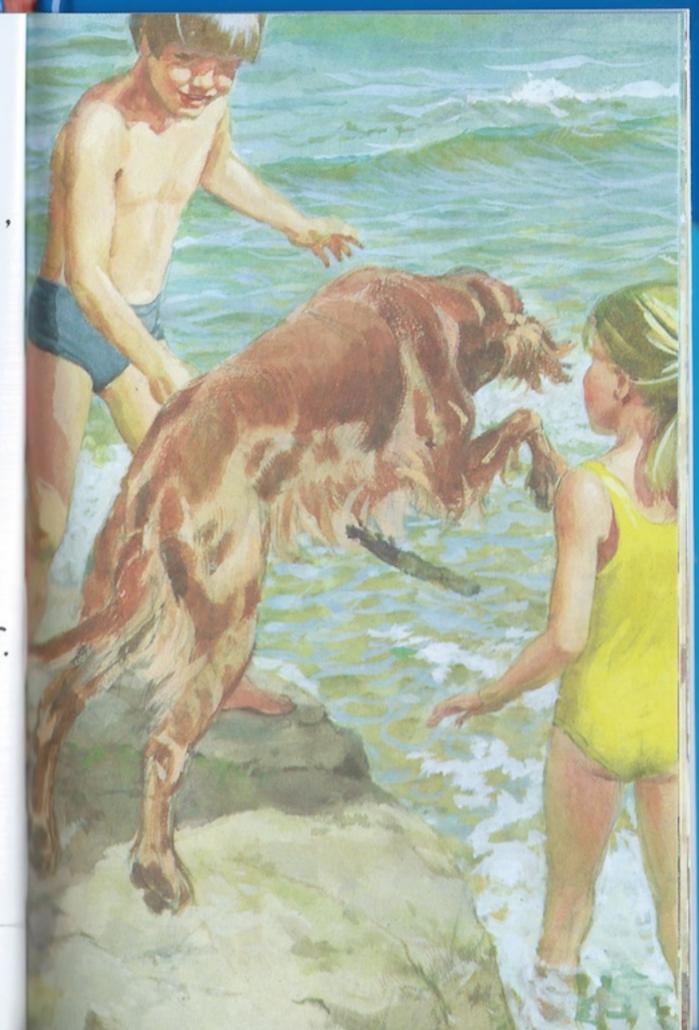
into We we

Jump this, Pat, jump this, says Peter.

Jump in the water.

You can jump.

Pat jumps into the water.

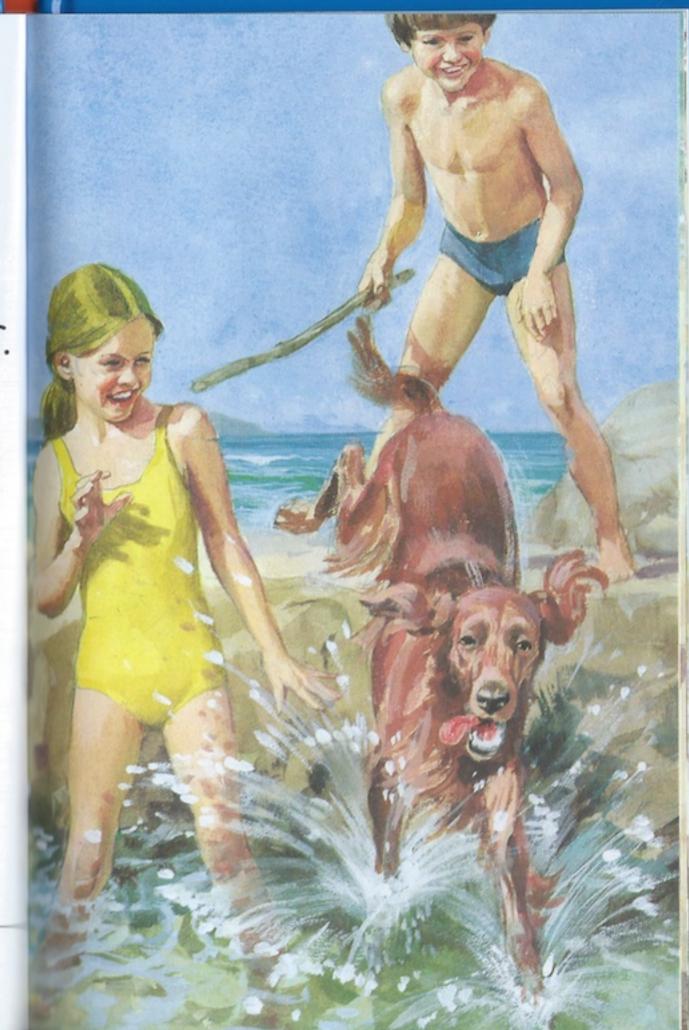


Pat jumps.

He jumps into the water.

He likes to jump.

It is fun, says Jane, we like this.

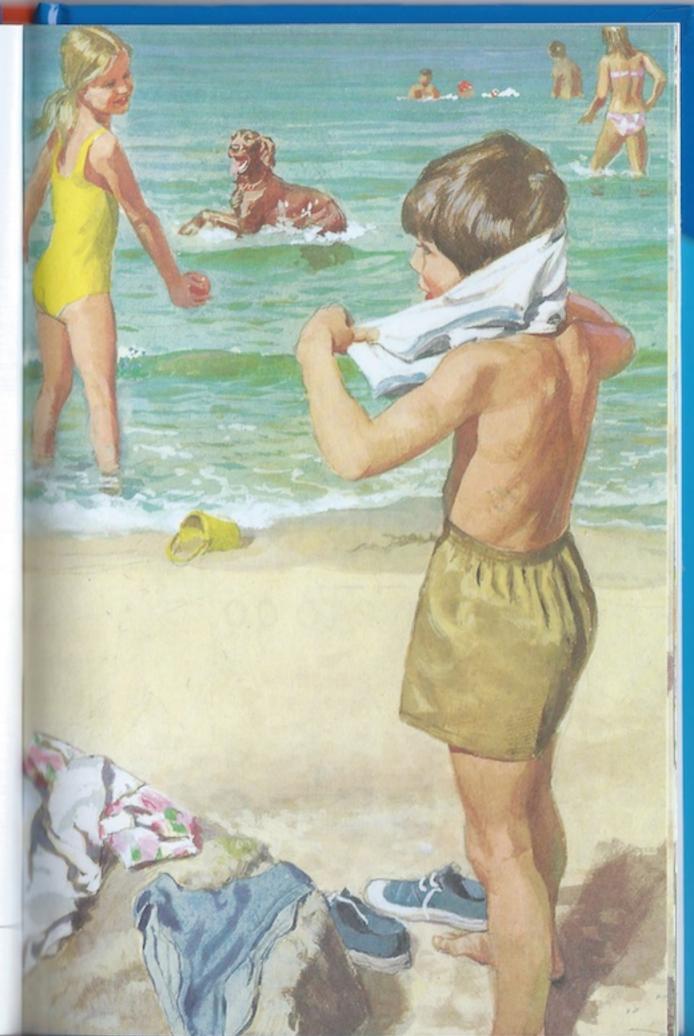


We have to go, says Peter.

Come, Jane.

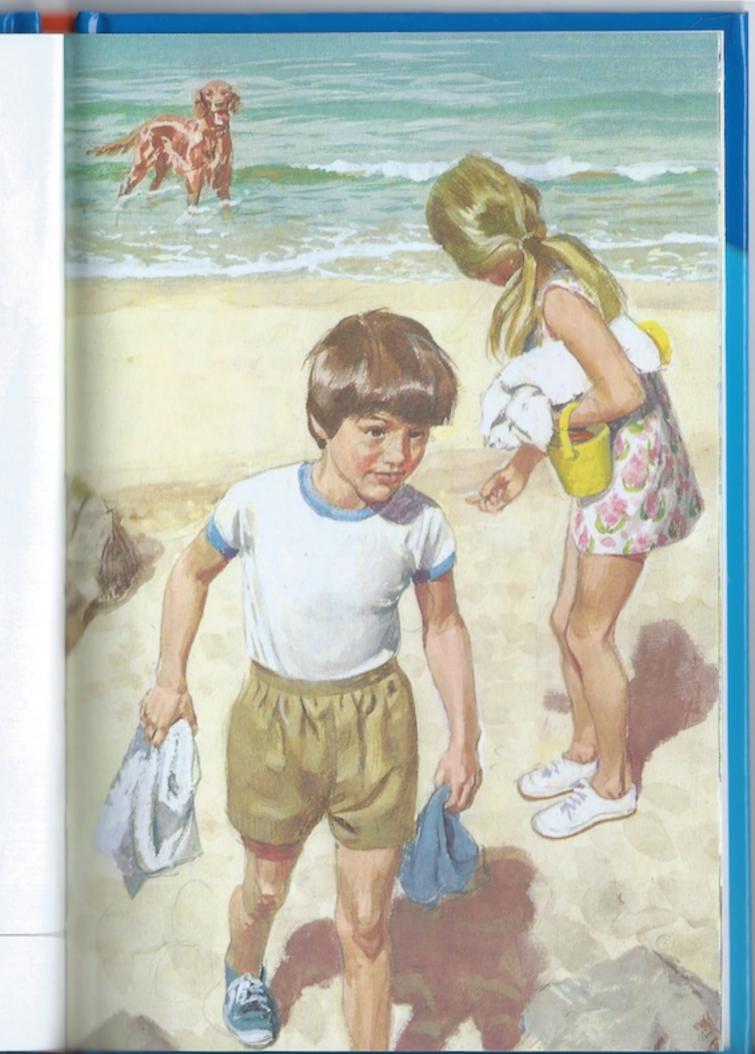
Come, he says.

We have to go.



We have to go, Pat, says Jane.
Come, Pat, come.

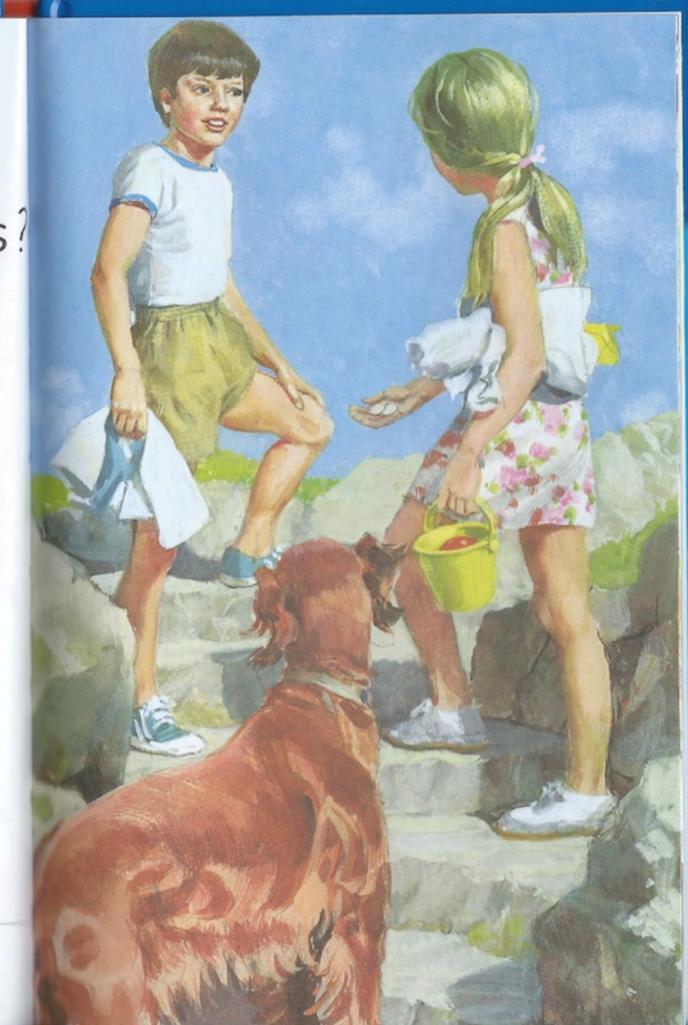
Yes, says Peter, we have to go.



Can we have some sweets? says Jane.

Can we go to the shop for some sweets?

Yes, says Peter.

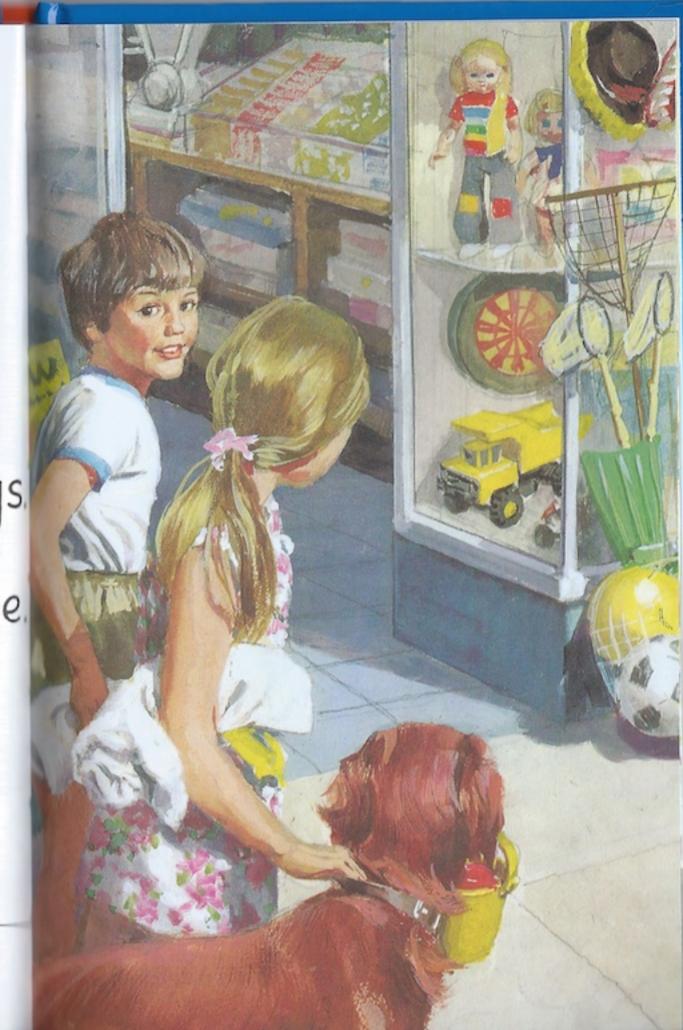


This is the shop, Jane.

Yes, this is it.

They have sweets and toys

We want sweets, says Jane

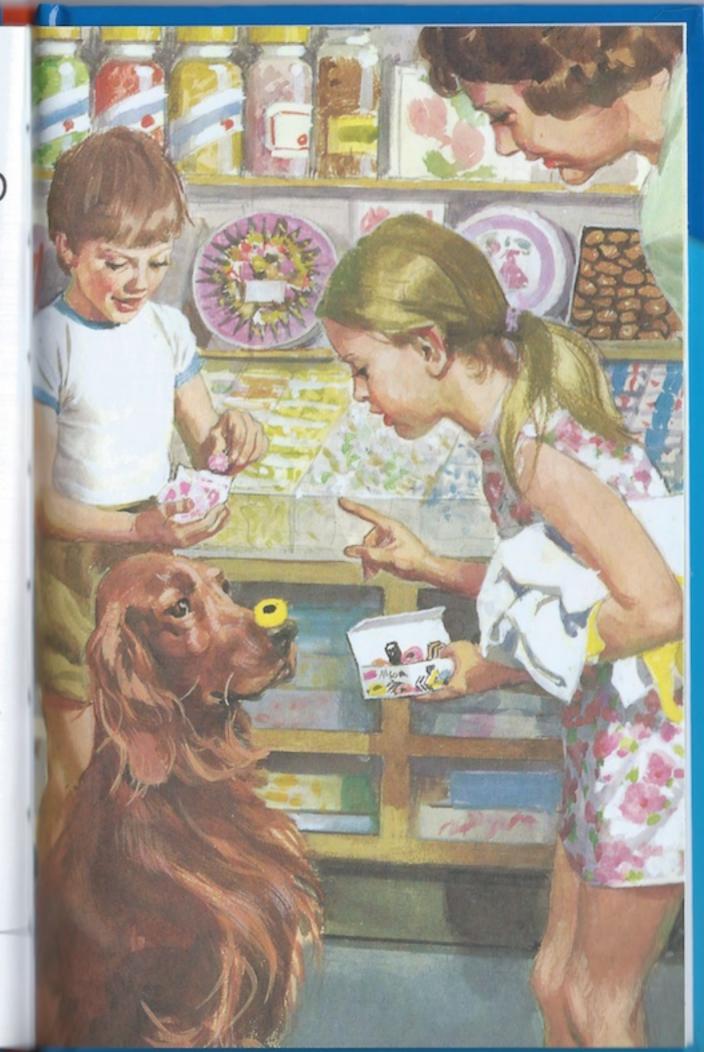


Peter and Jane go into the sweet shop.

Pat is in the shop.

Jane and Peter have some sweets.

Pat has a sweet.

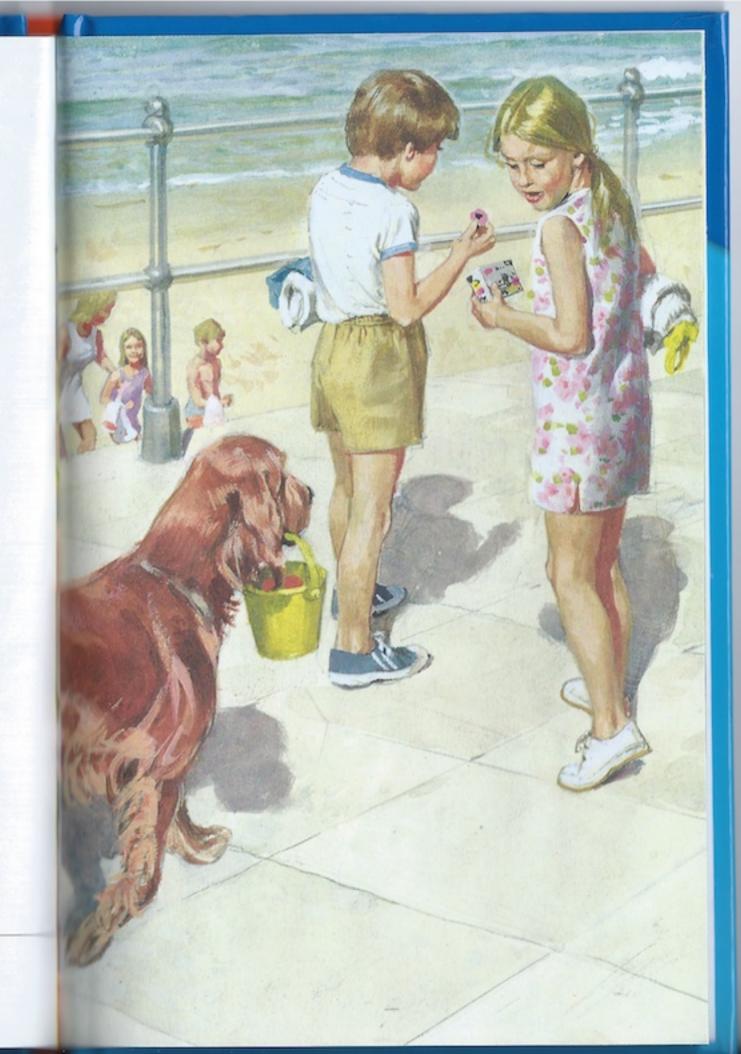


I want to go home, says Jane.

Yes, I want to go home, says Peter.

Come, Pat, come.

We want to go home.



Here we are, says Jane. We are home. It is fun in the water.

Yes, says Peter, we have fun in the water.



New words used in this book

Page		Page	
4 6 8 10	Pat they are water fun come it	24 26 30 32	some for this can jump into we
12	says	36	to
14	have he	38	go
16	look	40	yes
18	fish	42	sweets
20	wants	48	home
22	no you		

Total number of new words: 27 Average repetition per word: 10

How do I use this scheme?

The Ladybird Key Words Reading Scheme uses the most frequently met words in the English language – Key Words – as a starting point for learning to read successfully and confidently.

Why are Key Words important?

- 12 Key Words make up one quarter of those we read and write.
- 100 Key Words make up half of those we read and write.
- About 300 Key Words account for three quarters of those we read and write.

By learning to recognise these words on sight, children will be able to 'decode' most sentences much more easily and quickly.

How do I get started?

- Draw your child's attention to the shape of each word: where are the tall letters? Where are the letters with parts that drop down?
- Encourage your child to recognise the letters that make up each word.
- The pictures in this book are intended to make the words easier to understand. Point to the pictures on the page as your child says the words to build the connection between words and what they describe.

The Original Key Words Reading Scheme

Written by W. Murray

23

With 90 million copies sold worldwide, the Key Words with Ladybird reading scheme is the springboard to reading for life.

100 Key Words make up half of all those we read and write.

This essential vocabulary is carefully introduced, practised and developed throughout the scheme.

- Series a introduces new Key Words
- Series b practises Key Words
- Series c develops Key Words using phonics and writing skills



